

DISCIPLINA: INGLÊS	3ª Unidade Letiva / 2016	TURMA: 1º ANO
PROFESSOR: ADRIENNE PINO	DISPONÍVEL EM: 19/10/16	
ALUNO:	TURMA:	
ASSUNTO: FICHA DE ESTUDOS PARA PO3		

1. Rewrite with the **Genitive Case**: ('s/')

- a) The handwriting of Cesar is awful.

- b) The complaints of the women are always about their size.

- c) The rights of the refugees are protected.

- d) The rights of our native people are protected, too.

- e) The blood of my-sister-in-law lacks a protein.

- f) The protest of seventeen million Canadians are against violence.

- g) The songs of Michel and Elton are hits. (Michel and Elton composed together)

- h) Hercules's strength is unbeatable.

- i) The toys of the babies are funny

- j) The cars of Amanda and Arthur are brand-new. (They don't know each other)

2.. Complete the sentences with *some, any, no, or the compounds*.

Wife: Did you say (a) _____?

Husband: No, honey. I didn't say (b) _____.

Mother: What happened at school? Are you crying?

Daughter: No, Mom. I'm not crying. (c) _____ happened at school. Everything is OK.

Teacher: What is happening to Tom? He didn't come to class last week.

Student: I don't know, Ms. Lewis. I called him, but there was (d) _____ at home!

Teacher: Oh, my God! Where are the exams?

Students: We don't know, Mrs. Huxley.

Teacher: I can't believe it! (e) _____ is probably hiding (f) _____ from me...

Mother: Did (g) _____ call me while I was out?

Son: Yes, Mom. (h) _____ called you, but she didn't leave a message.

Son: Mom, have you seen my new blue jacket? I can't find it (i) _____.

Mom: I am sure it's (j) _____ in your bedroom.

3. Circle the right word to fill in the gaps.

- a) There wasn't (someone / anyone / nobody) interesting at the party.
- b) Let's go (somewhere / nowhere/) else. This party is a flop (fracasso)!
- c) Would you like a soda and (some/ any) French fries?
- d) There is (no/ any) milk in the refrigerator.
- e) Do you know (anyone / something) who has ever been to Baghdad?
- f) Could you get me (any/ some) chalk?
- g) There are a lot of animals in the Amazon Forest that cannot be found (anywhere / nowhere/ somewhere) else.
- h) This exercise is very easy. (Some/None/ Any/ No) child can do it.
- i) The baby could eat everything without (none /some/any/no) help.
- j) (Anyone / No one) knows the answer to the first exercise.
- k) There was such a big queue at the bank that I couldn't cash (some/ any/no) money.
- l) I can't find my glasses (nowhere / anywhere/somewhere). Have you seen them, mom?
- m) My friends never invited me to go (nowhere / anywhere/somewhere)with them.
- n) I have (anything / something/ none) special just for you! Guess what it is!
- o) I hardly have (some/any/no) time to read.
- p) Can you give me (some/ any/ no) help?
- q) How many English classes did you have last Saturday? I had (no/ none/any) classes last Saturday.
- r) How many English classes did you have last Saturday? I had (no/none/any) .
- s) How many English classes did you have last Saturday? I didn't have (no/none/any) .

4. Rewrite the sentences in the negative form.

a) There is some mistake here.

(any) _____

(no) _____

b) The poor old lady has nowhere to stay.

c) I want to eat something .

(any) _____

(no) _____

d) She wants to talk to someone.

(any) _____

(no) _____

5. USING COMPARATIVE

EQUALITY

a. My father is _____ (funny) my mother.

b. My brother is _____ (handsome) my cousin Steve.

c. Dogs are _____ (friendly) cats.

d. Today is _____ (sunny) yesterday.

INEQUALITY

- a. Frank is _____ (formal) his brother.
b. She is _____ (popular) her friends.
c. You are _____ (honest) I am.

INFERIORITY

- A. Your argument is _____ (strong) mine.
b. Do you think History is _____ (complicated) Mathematics?
c. This sofa is certainly _____ (comfortable) the old one.

SUPERIORITY

- a. Bob is _____ than his brother. (intelligent)
b. Which river is _____ (big) , the Amazon or the Nile?
c. Kibon ice cream is _____ (good) Nestle ice cream.
d. Corsa is _____ (bad) than Vectra.

6. Use SUPERLATIVE OF SUPERIORITY to complete the sentences.

- a. In your opinion, what is the _____ (incredible) thing in Nature?
b. Who is _____ (popular) singer in Brazil?
c. What is _____ (long) river in the world?
d. My homework is _____ (bad) in the class.
e. Who is _____ (nice) girl in the classroom?

7. **Comparative** of superiority or **superlative**?

- a) My brother is _____ (tall) than my sister.
b) In your opinion, what is the _____ (incredible) thing in Nature? Your argument is _____ (strong) mine.
c) A snow leopard is _____ (lazy) a lion.
d) These trees in the garden are _____ (small) than the trees in the park.
e) Who is _____ (popular) singer in Brazil?
f) What is the _____ (long) river in the world?
g) Frank is _____ his brother. (formal)
h) She is _____ her friends. (popular)
i) You are _____ person that I know. (honest)
j) Animals and plants are _____ (adaptable) man.
k) Bacteria is _____ (dangerous) viruses.

8. Indique o que os verbos modais, *Can, May, Might, Should, Ought to e Must*, expressam nas sentenças abaixo.

(**ability, possibility, probability, little probability, permission, advice, necessity, obligation, prohibition**)

- a. **May** I use your mobile phone? _____
b. You **mustn't** walk on the grass. _____
c. What do you think I **should** do? _____
d. I **can** speak Arabic. _____
e. You **must** stop when the traffic lights are red. _____

- f. I think you **ought to** see a doctor. _____
- g. You **may** pass the exam. It is not very difficult. You only have to work harder. _____
- h. He **could** run fast when he was younger. _____
- i. Lucas **must** be ill. He has been absent for three days. _____
- j. You **must** constantly take care of the water if you want your fish to live. _____
- k. It **might** not snow in New York this Christmas day. _____

9. Reescreva as sentenças a seguir na **negativa**.

- a) I can speak Arabic. _____
- b) It may rain today. _____
- c) You should listen to her. _____
- d) You must eat vegetables every single day. _____
- e) He could walk by himself. _____
- f) She must be the teacher. _____

10. Reescreva as sentenças abaixo no **passado**.

- a) I can run 10 km a day. _____
- b) I must eat some vegetable every day. _____

11. Reescreva as sentenças abaixo no **future**.

- a) You can run 10 km a day. _____
- b) In a Japanese house you must take your shoes off. _____

12. Dê um sinônimo em inglês para os termos sublinhados nas sentenças a seguir.

- a) That lady has many clothes. _____
- b) That man has much money in a Swiss bank. _____
- c) A large number of people have a great deal of information about how to prevent pregnancy nowadays.

13. Complete with **LITTLE/A LITTLE/FEW/A FEW**.

- a) Mr. Trump is a man of _____ friends.
- b) I have _____ money in the bank. I can't buy a car this year.
- c) I have _____ money in the bank to buy you a new car.
- d) We can attend the rock concert next week. There are still _____ tickets available.
- e) The teacher could start a new chapter because there were _____ students in class yesterday.

NÃO ESQUEÇAM DOS CONNECTOR, OK?

Have a nice test!!